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DELAWARE RIVER BASIN WILSON CREEK, PIKE GOUNTY LIVE

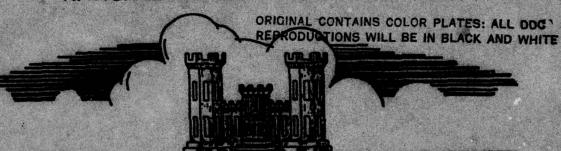
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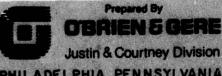
### WILSON CREEK DAM

NDI - PA 00318 PA DER 52-154 SCS PA-440

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM



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PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA

FOR

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
BALTIMORE DISTRICT CORPS OF ENGINEERS
BALTIMORE, MARYLAND
21203

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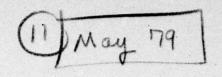
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#### **DELAWARE RIVER BASIN**

Name of Dam: Wilson Creek Dam

County and State: Pike County, Pennsylvania

Inventory Number: PA 00318

(5) DACW31-79-C-DØ1Ø

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT

NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

National Dam Inspection Program.
Wilson Creek Dam (NDI-PA 00318, PA
DER 52-154, SCS PA-440), Delaware River
Basin, Wilson Creek, Pike County,
Pennsylvania. Phase I Inspection Report.

Prepared by:

O'BRIEN & GERE ENGINEERS, INC.
JUSTIN & COURTNEY DIVISION

For:

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY Baltimore District, Corps of Engineers Baltimore, Maryland 21203

410 760

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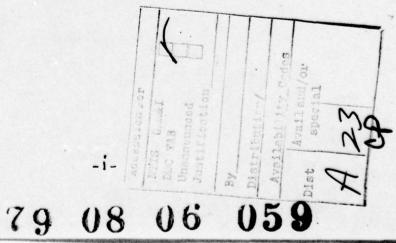
#### **PREFACE**

This report is prepared under guidance contained in the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, for Phase I Investigations. Copies of these guidelines may be obtained from the Office of Chief of Engineers, Washington, D.C. 20314. The purpose of a Phase I investigation is to identify expeditiously those dams which may pose hazards to human life or property. The assessment of the general condition of the dam is based upon available data and visual inspections. Detailed investigations, and analyses involving topographic mapping, subsurface investigations, testing, and detailed computational evaluations are beyond the scope of a Phase I investigation; however, the investigation is intended to identify any need for such studies.

In reviewing this report, it should be realized that the reported condition of the dam is based on observations of field conditions at the time of inspection along with data available to the inspection team. In cases where the reservoir was lowered or drained prior to inspection, such action, while improving the stability and safety of the dam, removes the normal load on the structure and may obscure certain conditions which might otherwise be detectable if inspected under the normal operating environment of the structure.

It is important to note that the condition of a dam depends on numerous and constantly changing internal and external conditions, and is evolutionary in nature. It would be incorrect to assume that the present condition of the dam will continue to represent the condition of the dam at some point in the future. Only through frequent inspections can unsafe conditions be detected, and only through continued care and maintenance can these conditions be prevented or corrected.

Phase I inspections are not intended to provide detailed hydrologic and hydraulic analyses. In accordance with the established Guidelines, the spillway design flood is based on the estimated "Probable Maximum Flood" for the region (greatest reasonably possible storm runoff), or fractions thereof. The spillway design flood provides a measure of relative spillway capacity and serves as an aid in determining the need for more detailed hydrologic and hydraulic studies, considering the size of the dam, its general condition and the downstream damage potential.



#### PHASE I REPORT

#### NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION

Name of Dam: State Located: County Located: Stream: Coordinates:

Wilson Creek Dam ID # PA 00318 Pennsylvania Pike

Wilson Creek Latitude 41° 17.4', Longitude 75° 14.4' December 5, 1978

Date of Inspection:

#### **ASSESSMENT**

Wilson Creek Dam, is a zoned compacted earth embankment approximately 600 feet long and 32 feet high at its maximum section. The level of the reservoir is controlled by means of a single stage, drop inlet, closed conduit spillway (Principal Spillway). A grass covered spillway (Emergency Spillway) is located at the left (looking downstream) abutment.

Examination of the results of the hydrologic and hydraulic analyses indicates that the spillway system is able to pass approximately 84 percent of the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF) without the dam being overtopped. The Spillway Design Flood (SDF) for this "High" hazard structure is the PMF. Therefore, the spillway system is classified as "Inadequate", but not "Seriously Inadequate" because it passes more than 50 percent of the PMF.

Based on visual observations and review of the information obtained from the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Resources, Wilson Creek Dam is in good condition. However, certain items require attention:

- There is slight seepage around the Principal Spillway conduit where the conduit projects from the downstream face of the dam. It is recommended that minor excavation be performed at the outlet to examine the filter drain and determine if a riprap cover would be appropriate.
- There is some erosion at the downstream end of the stilling basin. Riprap should be added to prevent further erosion.
- The operating condition of the reservoir drain sluice gate should be assessed. The owner should provide access to the riser in order to operate and maintain the gate system.

A warning system should be developed. During periods of heavy rainfall, the dam should be monitored and downstream residents alerted in the event of an impending failure.

O'BRIEN & GERE ENGINEERS, INC. JUSTIN & COURTNEY DIVISION

Vice-President
Pennsylvania Registration #00 3 4 No. 6926E

Pate: JUNE 8, 1979

Date: 16 3 4 17 19

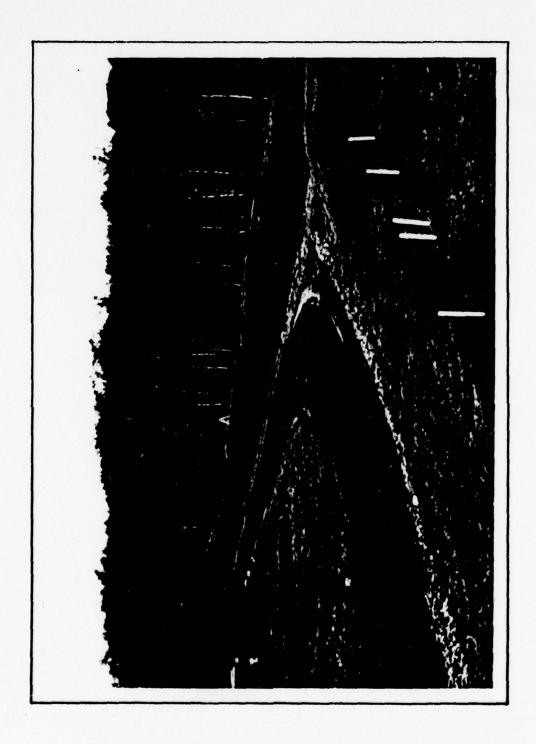
JAMES W. PECK

Approved By

Colonel, Corps of Engineers

10

District Engineer



OVERVIEW
WILSON CREEK DAM
PIKE COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

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#### PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM WILSON CREEK DAM NDI I.D. NO. PA-00318 DER # 52-154

#### SECTION 1

#### PROJECT INFORMATION

#### 1.1 General

- a. Authority. The Dam Inspection Act, Public Law 92-367, authorized the Secretary of the Army, through the Corps of Engineers, to initiate a program of inspection of dams throughout the United States.
- b. <u>Purpose of Inspection</u>. The purpose of this inspection is to evaluate the structural and hydraulic conditions at Wilson Creek Dam and to determine if the dam constitutes a hazard to human life or property.
- 1.2 <u>Description of Project</u> (Supplemented by information obtained from the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Resources (DER), Division of Dam Safety, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.)
  - a. Description of Dam and Appurtenances. Wilson Creek Dam is a zoned earth embankment with a foundation cutoff trench. The cut-off trench has a base width of 12 feet and extends into the foundation. The cut-off trench is backfilled with a zone of silty sand and silt of low permeability. The central core of the dam is composed of silty sand and silt to an elevation 9.5 feet below the top of the dam. The remainder of the dam is a pervious zone of silty gravel. The earth embankment has side slopes of 3 horizontal to 1 vertical (3H:1V) on the upstream side and 2H:1V on the downstream side. Berms exist on the upstream and downstream slopes of the dam. The berm on the upstream side is 8 feet wide and slopes towards the reservoir on a 12.5 percent grade; its lowest elevation is at the normal pool 1708.4. The berm on the downstream slope is 36 feet wide and slopes downstream on a 1.4 percent grade. This berm is used as a roadway with its lowest elevation at 1710.

There is a foundation drain trench located at the downstream toe of the impervious core. The 3-foot wide trench is excavated into the foundation, backfilled with filter material, and capped with a filter blanket 8 feet wide and 2 feet thick. The foundation drain trench intercepts the Principal Spillway conduit trench which is backfilled with filter material. The filter material in the conduit trench extends from the toe of the

impervious core to near the end of the conduit. There is a 6-inch perforated bituminous coated corrugated steel pipe on both sides of the principal spillway conduit in this trench.

The Principal Spillway consists of a 24-inch prestressed reinforced concrete conduit and an 18.4-foot high reinforced concrete riser which has a crest Elevation of 1708.4 (normal pool). The Principal Spillway conduit is laid on a concrete cradle in a 10-foot wide trench excavated into natural ground. Selected material was used to backfill around the conduit. Four (4) reinforced concrete anti-seep collars are located along the Principal Spillway conduit spaced at 22 foot centers. The two end sections of the Principal Spillway conduit are supported by a reinforced concrete cradle and a reinforced concrete "Bent" which consists of a cross beam and two 2-foot diameter piles driven to a minimum of 2 feet below the bottom of the stilling basin.

The inside dimensions of the riser are 2 feet by 6 feet. There is an orifice (crest Elev. 1708.4) on two sides of the structure. Anti-vortex walls are incorporated into the top of the riser. An 18-inch diameter bituminous coated corrugated steel draw-down pipe is provided at the base of the riser along with an 18 inch diameter sluice gate.

An Emergency Spillway is located at the left abutment of the dam. The spillway is a trapezoidal section formed by excavation of the natural material at the left abutment. The spillway has a bottom width of 82 feet, side slopes of 3H:1V, and is grass lined. There is a 30-foot long level section located just downstream from the centerline of the dam. The Elevation of the level section is 1715.2. A 350-foot long forebay channel slopes upward on a 2 percent grade to the level section. Downstream from the level section the channel slopes downward on a 3.2 percent grade for about 350 feet before blending in with the natural ground.

- b. Location. Wilson Creek Dam is located on Wilson Creek at a point about  $\frac{1}{2}$  mile upstream and northeast of Roemersville, in Green township, Pike County, Pennsylvania. The dam site is shown on the USGS Quadrangle entitled "Promised Land, Pennsylvania" at coordinates N 41° 17.4', W 75° 14.4'. A regional location plan of Wilson Creek Dam is enclosed as Plate 1, Appendix E.
- c. Size Classification. Wilson Creek Dam has a maximum height of 32 feet and a maximum storage capacity of 917 acre feet of the top of dam. The structure is in the "Small" size category.
- d. Hazard Classification. There are five homes located on the shores of Wynooska Lake about 3/4 of a mile downstream from Wilson Creek Dam. The topography downstream of the dam is such that flood waters would be directed towards these homes resulting in probable loss of lives and extensive property damage. Therefore, the dam is in the "High" hazard category.

- e. Ownership. The dam is owned by the Pike County Commissioners, County Court House, Milford, Pennsylvania, 18337.
- f. Purpose of Dam. The primary purpose of the dam is flood control. The 13 acre normal pond is used for private recreation.
- g. Design and Construction History. The application to construct Wilson Creek Dam was submitted on January 21, 1963, by the Pike County Commissioners. The "Report Upon the Application of the Pike County Commissioners" was prepared on May 9, 1963, by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The permit to construct Wilson Creek Dam was issued by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania on May 14, 1963.

The dam was designed by the engineering staff of the Soil Conservation Service (SCS). The Emergency Spillway width of 70 feet on the original SCS design of October 1962 was increased to 82 feet in May 1963 to satisfy the "C" curve requirements of DER.

Construction began in July, 1963, and the dam was officially completed on July 22, 1964. Final inspection was made on October 23, 1964.

h. Normal Operating Procedures. For this type of structure, the reservoir is normally maintained at the crest of the Principal Spillway, Elevation 1708.4. A representative of the Pike County Commissioners was not available to operate the reservoir drain sluice gate during the inspection.

#### 1.3 Pertinent Data

- a. <u>Drainage Area.</u> The drainage area for Wilson Lake Dam is 1.80 square miles, as taken from information provided by the DER and verified on topographic maps.
- b. <u>Discharge at Dam Site</u>. In a phone conversation, Frank Razney, Pike County Dam Inspector, stated that no high pool or discharge records are kept for this site. The combined capacity of the Principal and Emergency Spillways, with the water level at the design top of dam (Elevation 1719.5), is approximately 2,070 cfs.
- c. Elevation (Feet above MSL).

Principal Spillway Crest (Normal Pool)	1708.4
Emergency Spillway Crest (Flood Control Pool)	1715.2
Top of Dam	1719.5
Reservoir Drain Invert (Inlet)	1690.5
Reservoir Drain Invert (Outlet) & Principal Spillway Invert (Outlet)	1688.0
Streambed at Centerline of Dam	1692.0+
Maximum Tailwater	$1687.0_{\pm}^{-}$

#### d. Reservoir (Miles).

Length of Normal, Recreation Pool, Elev. 1708.4	0.51
Length of Flood Control Pool, Elev. 1715.2	0.97
Length of Maximum Pool, Top of Dam, Elev. 1719.5	1.01

#### e. Total Storage (Acre-feet).

Normal, Recreation Pool, Elev. 1708.4	45
Flood Control Pool, Elev. 1715.2	403
Top of Dam, Elev. 1719.5	917

#### f. Reservoir Surface Area (Acres).

Normal, Recreation Pool, Elev. 1708.4	13
Flood Control Pool, Elev. 1715.2	85
Top of Dam, Elev. 1719.5	140

#### g. Dam Data.

Туре	Compacted Earth Embankment
Length	600 feet +
Height	32 feet (maximum)
Top Width	14.0 feet
Side Slopes	3H:1V (Upstream); 2H:1V (downstream)
Zoning	Yes, refer to Section 1.2.a
Impervious Core	Yes, refer to Section 1.2.a
Cutoff	Yes, refer to Section 1.2.a
Grout Curtain	No

#### h. Spillways.

#### Principal

Туре	Drop Inlet Closed Conduit
Length of Weir	12 Feet
Crest Elevation	1708.4
Gates	18-inch sluice gate on the upstream endwall. This is part of the reservoir drain system.
Upstream Channel	N/A
Downstream Channel	8 foot bottom width, 2H:1V side slopes.

#### Emergency

Туре	Vegetated earth cut
Length of Weir	82 feet
Crest Elevation	1715.2
Gates	None
Upstream Channel	Refer to Section 1.2.a
Downstream Channel	Refer to Section 1.2.a

#### i. Diversion and Regulating Tunnel

None

#### j. Outlet Works

Type

Length Closure

Access

Regulating Facilities

18-inch bituminous coated corrugated steel pipe.

34 feet 18-inch diameter sluice gate mounted on upstream face of upstream endwall of riser. Submerged unless reservoir is drawn down. Sluice gate hoist mounted on top slab of riser.

#### **ENGINEERING DATA**

#### 2.1 Design

- a. Data Available. The information available for review of Wilson Creek
  Dam includes the following information obtained from the Pennsylvania
  DER, Dam Safety Division, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania:
  - 1. Complete set of SCS "as-built" drawings.
  - 2. Complete SCS Design Folder.
  - Application, Report on the Application, and Permit to build the dam.
  - 4. Dam inspection reports through the years.
  - 5. Construction progress reports.
  - 6. Miscellaneous correspondence.
  - 7. One photograph from 1964.
- b. Design Features. The design features are discussed in Section 1.2.a and shown on Plates 3, 4, 5 and 6 of Appendix E.

#### 2.2 Construction

According to progress reports, construction began in July, 1963, and the dam was officially completed on July 22, 1964. Final inspection was made on October 23, 1964.

#### 2.3 Operation

Operation procedures appear to be limited to those necessary to draw down the reservoir by means of the sluice gate located on the upstream face of the upstream endwall of the riser. Frank Razney, Pike County Dam Inspector, stated that there are no written operating procedures for this structure.

#### 2.4 Evaluation

- a. Availability. The SCS design material and a complete set of SCS "asbuilt" drawings are available from DER.
- b. Adequacy. Available information concerning design and construction is adequate for a Phase I investigation.
- c. Validity. There is no reason to question the validity of the data available from DER.

#### VISUAL INSPECTION

#### 3.1 Findings

- a. General. The field inspection of the Wilson Creek Dam took place on December 5, 1978. The reservoir water surface elevation was approximately 1708.5 during the inspection. The observations and comments of the field inspection team are in the checklist which is Appendix B of this reports. The appearance of the facility indicates that the dam and its appurtenances are well maintained.
- b. Dam. The dam is in good condition. There are minor undulations (± 0.5 feet) along the top of the dam and along both the upstream and downstream earth embankment slopes. There is slight seepage on the downstream earth embankment slope around the principal spillway conduit.
- c. Appurtenant Structures. The visible portions of the Principal Spillway system appear to be in good condition. The operating condition of the reservoir drain sluice gate could not be appraised. The owners representative was not available on the day of inspection, there was no operating wheel for the hoist mechanism, and the operating mechanism was located on top of the riser which was inaccessible from the shoreline.

The Emergency Spillway appears to be in good condition with adequate grass cover. There was no evidence of erosion or slope instability on the day of inspection.

- d. Reservoir. Area reconnaissance of the reservoir disclosed no evidence of excessive siltation, slope instability, or other features that would significantly affect the storage capacity of the reservoir. The slopes along the perimeter of the reservoir are vegetated and on gradients of less than ten percent.
- e. Downstream Channel. Approximately 2,500 feet downstream of the dam, Wilson Creek flows under the state route 390 bridge. Approximately 500 feet downstream of the bridge, Wilson Creek flows into Wynooska Lake. The channel gradient averages about 4 percent for the entire 3,000 feet from Wilson Creek Dam to Wynooska Lake. There are 5 homes within the potential damage area along the shores of Wynooska Lake.

#### **OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES**

#### 4.1 Procedures

Operational procedures have been covered in Section 1.2.a. According to Frank Razney, Pike County Dam Inspector, there are no written operating procedures for this structure.

#### 4.2 Maintenance of the Dam

Annual inspection reports by SCS are available in the DER files for 1968 and 1970 through 1977. Maintenance of the dam is performed in accordance with requirements specified in these yearly reports. In general, the required maintenance has consisted of cutting the grass and removal of debris from the spillway areas. It is not known if inspections were performed prior to 1968 or in 1969.

#### 4.3 Maintenance of Operating Facilities

The reservoir drain system sluice gate is maintained by the Pike County Commissioners. For further discussion of the sluice gate, refer to Section 3.1.c.

#### 4.4 Warning System in Effect

According to Frank Razney, Pike County Dam Inspector, there is no formal warning system or procedures to be followed during periods of exceedingly heavy rainfall.

#### 4.5 Evaluation of Operational Adequacy

The operation and maintenance procedures appear to be satisfactory for the Wilson Creek Dam.

A formal warning system should be implemented because of the probability of loss of life and extensive property damage downstream in the event of a failure of the dam.

The dam is accessible under all weather conditions for inspection and emergency action.

#### HYDRAULICS AND HYDROLOGY

#### 5.1 Evaluation of Features

a. Design Data. The complete SCS hydrologic and hydraulic design was reviewed. A summary of the SCS hydrologic and hydraulic design is enclosed in Appendix C, Sheet 8.

The drainage basin contributing to Wilson Creek Dam is about 1.1 miles long and averages about 1.7 miles wide. Ground elevations range from 1880 to 1708. Most of the slopes of the drainage basin adjacent to the reservoir are less than ten percent. The drainage basin is nearly 100 percent wooded. The runoff characteristics of the drainage basin may undergo change in the future as a result of development.

- b. Experience Data. According to Frank Razney, Pike County Dam Inspector, no rainfall or water level records are kept for this dam.
- c. <u>Visual Observations</u>. The spillway system which consists of the Principal Spillway and the Emergency Spillway, is in good condition. Further observations are given in Appendix B.
- d. Overtopping Potential. The spillway system is capable of handling a discharge of 2,070 cfs. without overtopping of the dam. The recommended Spillway Design Flood (SDF) for this "Small" size dam, with a "High" hazard classification is the range between 50 percent PMF and PMF. Because of the high hazard downstream, the PMF should be used to evaluate the dam. The PMF hydrograph was routed through the reservoir with the starting water surface elevation at the crest of the Principal Spillway, Elevation 1708.4. The peak inflow and the peak outflow for the PMF are 4,220 cfs. and 3,180 cfs. respectively. The maximum water surface elevation in the reservoir resulting from the PMF routing would be 4.8 feet above the Emergency Spillway crest and 0.5 feet above the design top of dam elevation.

Examination of the results of the hydrologic and hydraulic analysis indicate that the spillway system is capable of passing 84 percent of the PMF without exceeding the design top of dam elevation.

e. Spillway Adequacy. Since the spillway system passes 84 percent of the PMF without exceeding the design top of dam elevation, the spillway system is classified as "Inadequate", but not "Seriously Inadequate" because it passes more than 50 percent of the PMF.

#### STRUCTURAL STABILITY

#### 6.1 Evaluation of Structural Stability

a. Visual Observations. There are minor undulations (± 0.5 feet) along the top of the dam and along both the upstream and downstream earth embankment slopes. Slight seepage (1 to 2 gpm) is evident on the downstream earth embankment slope around the principal spillway conduit. Neither of these situations appear to threaten the stability of the dam.

Based on the field inspection, the Principal Spillway and the Emergency spillway show no visible signs of structural instability.

b. Design and Construction Data. The earth embankment cross section geometry shown on the drawings was verified during the field inspection. The embankment and foundation design is consistent with SCS criteria and the recommendations of the Soils Mechanics Laboratory Report.

SCS inspection personnel were reported to be present on the job site during the entire construction operation.

- c. Operating Records. According to Frank Razney, Pike County Dam Inspector, there are no operating records maintained for this structure.
- d. Post Construction Changes. No reported post construction changes are included in the information provided by DER.
- e. <u>Seismic Stability</u>. The dam is located within Seismic Risk Zone 1 of the Seismic Zone Map of Contiguous States. A dam located in Seismic Zone 1 is generally considered to be safe under any expected Zone 1 earthquake loading conditions if it is safe under static loading conditions.

#### ASSESSMENT, RECOMMENDATIONS, AND PROPOSED REMEDIAL MEASURES

#### 7.1 Dam Assessment

a. <u>Safety</u>. The visual observations and review of available information indicate that the Wilson Creek Dam is in good condition.

As stated in Section 5.1.d the SDF selected is the PMF for this "Small" size, "High" hazard dam. Examination of the results of hydrologic and hydraulic analyses indicate that the spillway system is capable of passing 84 percent of the PMF without exceeding the design top of dam elevation. Therefore, the spillway system is classified as "Inadequate" but not "Seriously Inadequate" because it passes more than 50 percent of the PMF.

- b. Adequacy of Information. The information available from DER and observation made during the field inspection, are adequate to make a Phase I evalution of the dam.
- c. <u>Urgency</u>. The recommendations in Section 7.2 should be implemented as soon as possible.
- d. Necessity for Further Investigation. No further investigations are recommended at this time.

#### 7.2 Recommendations and Proposed Remedial Measures

#### a. Facilities.

- There is slight seepage around the Principal Spillway conduit where
  the conduit projects from the downstream face of the dam.
  According to the plans, a trench backfilled with filter material is
  located along the conduit. Apparently the filter was capped with an
  earth cover at the downstream toe. It is recommended that minor
  excavation be performed at the outlet to examine the filter drain
  and determine if a riprap cover would be appropriate.
- 2. There is some erosion at the downstream end of the stilling basin. Riprap should be added to prevent further erosion.
- The operating condition of the reservoir drain sluice gate should be assessed. The owner should provide access to the riser in order to operate and maintain the gate system.

#### b. Operation and Maintenance Procedures.

 A warning system should be developed. During periods of heavy rainfall, the dam should be monitored and downstream residents alerted in the event of an impending failure.

#### **APPENDIX**

Α

Check List Engineering Data

Design, Construction, Operation

Phase I

CHECK LIST
ENGINEERING DATA
DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, OPERATION
PHASE I

NAME OF DAM WILSOM Creek Dam

10 # PA 00318

Sheet 1 of 4

ITEM

AS-BUILT DRAWINGS

REGIONAL VICINITY MAP

REMARKS

by the Pennsylvania Dept. of Environmental Resources (DER) A complete set of as-built drawings prepared 4.8. D. A., Soil Conservation Service (503) has been provided for our use

vicinity map for the site. Plate 1, Ampendix E of this report is a regional vicinity map prepared from a USES and sheet sheet 1 of 10 of the 50s 35-built drawings has a regional

Construction was commenced on 6/20/63 and completed on 7/22/64 Final inspection was made on 10/27/64

CONSTRUCTION HISTORY

TYPICAL SECTIONS OF DAM

Refer to Plates 4 211d 6 . Apparendix E of His report

OUTLETS - PLAN

Refor to Plates 3 and 6 Approvidix E of this report CONSTRAINTS DETAILS

DISCHARGE RATINGS SCO DESIGN FOHLY, Hydradies and Hydrology Section, Item 4 Discharge

RAINFALL/RESERVOIR RECORDS

Hone Kept

Couplete SCS Design Report available from DER tiles REMARKS

DESIGN REPORTS

Sheet 2 of 4

Complete SCS Geology Report available from DER files GEOLOGY REPORTS

HYDROLOGY & HYDRAULICS DAM STABILITY SEEPAGE STUDIES DESIGN COMPUTATIONS

- In the SCS Despit Folder available from DERfiles

MATERIALS INVESTIGATIONS
BORING RECORDS
LABORATORY
FIELD

In the 200 Design Folder available from DER biles.

POST-CONSTRUCTION SURVEYS OF DAM

ses k- Built surveys

BORROW SOURCES

Shown on Plate 2. Appendix E of this report

REMARKS

None

MONITORING SYSTEMS

ITEM

0

Sheet 3 of 4

MODIFICATIONS

Nove

HIGH POOL RECORDS

Mone

POST CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING NONSTRUCTION STUDIES AND REPORTS

PRIOR ACCIDENTS OR FAILURE OF DAM DESCRIPTION REPORTS

None

sus has records

MAINTENANCE OPERATION RECORDS

	Sheet 4 of 4
ITEM	REMARKS
SPILLWAY PLAW	Principal Spilway, Plates 3 and 6, Aspendix 6 of this report
SECTIONS	Emergency Spillway, Distes 3 and A, Annoward E of this repo
DETAILS	

OPERATING EQUIPMENT PLANS & DETAILS

The gluice gate is the only operatorial item on this structure. Refer to Mate 6, Appendix & of this report

MISCELLANEOUS Mayerial in DER Files

- 1. Complete set of SCS As-Built drawings.
- 2. Complete SCS Design. Folder 3, Application, and Pernit Abuild the dams 3, Application, Report on the Application, and Pernit Abuild the dams
  - 4. Dam inspection reports through the years.
    - 5. Construction progress reports. 6. Miscellancous correspondence
      - 7. One protograph from 10/64

#### **APPENDIX**

В

Check List

Visual Inspection

Phase I

CHECK LIST VISUAL INSPECTION PHASE I

Sheet 1 of 11

State Panisylvania ID # PA 00318 Temperature ≈ 40°F Hazard Category Date(s) Inspection Dec 5, 1978 Weather Cloudy, Cool County Dike Type of Dam Chamached Earth Fill Name Dam Wilson Creek Dam

Tailwater at Time of Inspection /686.01M.S.L. Pool Elevation at Time of Inspection 1708.5±M.S.L.

Inspection Personnel:

Leonard R. Beak
Robert Bowers
David Campbell

Dana Praarro

Leonard R. Beck

Recorder

Remarks:

ducing the mapection even though it was understood a representative of A reprosonative of the Dike County Commissioners did not a ocompany the Coursessioned's would be wesent.

# CONCRETE/MASONRY DAMS

.

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	Sheet 2 of 11 REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
ANY NOTICEABLE SEEPAGE	NA	
STRUCTURE TO ABUTAENT/EMBANKMENT JUNCTIONS	NA	
DRAINS	N/A	
WATER PASSAGES	NA	
FOURDATION	NA	

# CONCRETE/MASONRY DAMS

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	Sheet 3 of 11 REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
SURFACE CRACKS CONCRETE SURFACES	N/A	
STRUCTURAL CRACKING	A/v	
VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT	A/V	
MONOLITH JOINTS	// W	
CONSTRUCTION JOINTS	N/8	

## EMBANKMENT

.

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
SURFACE CRACKS	Nove observed	None
UNUSUAL MOVEMENT OR CRACKING AT OR BEYOND THE TOE	None observed	None
SLOUGHING OR EROSION OF EMBANKHENT AND ABUTMENT SLOPES	None observed	None
VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT OF THE CREST	No problems with alignment	ment None

None

No riving on dam

RIPRAP FAILURES

Sheet 5 of 11

REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS

(0)

OBSERVATIONS VISUAL EXAMINATION OF

JUNCTION OF EMBANKMENT AND ABUTMENT, SPILLWAY AND DAM

No problems

Mone

mostroso se se se se trons en densita mostrosos que province provi

ANY NOTICEABLE SEEPAGE

slope douted be apprect with riprop in the series

STAFF GAGE AND RECORDER

None

None

DRAINS

Shout describes from the

None

## OUTLET WORKS

_		Sheet 6 of 11
VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
CRACKING AND SPALLING OF CONCRETE SURFACES IN OUTLET CONDUIT	None	Novie
INTAKE STRUCTURE	No problems	Nove
OUTLET STRUCTURE	No problems	Nene
OUTLET CHANNEL	Some erasion on the documents side of the sour hale	the rest problem the sust the continents squetment of the scourt
EMERGENCY GATE	Muide gate was net exercted because the toxist wheel was not on the loist.	docute toursussioners representative to operate 14 40 110 deen present

# UNGATED SPILLWAY

		Sheet / of II
VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
CONCRETE WEIR	4/4	
APPROACH CHANNEL	No problems. Wed covered with class	Nove
DISCHARGE CHANNEL	Well dovered with oross.	None
BRIDGE AND PIERS	A/N	

# GATED SPILLWAY

**6**0

	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
CONCRETE SILL	NA	
APPROACH CHAWNEL	NA	
DISCHARGE CHANNEL	A/N	
BRIDGE AND PIERS	N/A	

1/4

GATES AND OPERATION EQUIPMENT

# INSTRUMENTATION

ŗ.

VISUAL EXAMINATION	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
MONUMENTATION/SURVEYS	Hene observed	
OBSERVATION WELLS	Mone Observed	
WEIRS	Mone Observed	
PIEZOMETERS	None Observed	

1/4

OTHER

## RESERVOIR

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
SLOPES	Mestry the stores surrounding the reservoir one leas thou 10%	None
SEDIMENTATION	Recornal ssame of the reservoir disclosed no evidence of significant situes that would significantly affect the storage operate of the reservoir	The dans is alessand to my course the second

# DOWNSTREAM CHANNEL

			9
REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS	Route 300 bridge may be a problem for higher discharges.	None	A formal warning systems, should be developed and meded.
OBSEDVATIONS	Approximately 2500 feet downsheamof the dam Wilson Creek blows through the state route 390 bridge. About 3000 feet downstranc of the dam Nison Creek flows with Wynooska	The channel godient averages about 4% for the enths 3000 fort from Wison creek Dani to Wynooska Lake.	There are showes and asymptoty 25 people
	CONDITION (OBSTRUCTIONS, DEBRIS, ETC.)	SLOPES	APPROXIMATE NO. OF HOMES AND POPULATION

C

Hydrologic & Hydraulic Data

Wilson Creek Dam SHEET BY \$ DATE 3/29/19 52-154

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3		CREL 1708.4	SPW ID		C00W EX	EXP. EL.	ELEVL 0.0	0.0	CAREA 0.0	EXPL 0.0				
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PEAK QUIFLOW IS	1584. A	T TIME	20.00 HOURS	DURS										
PEAK QUIFLOW 18	2006. A	T TIME	19.50 HOURS	DURS							,			302
PEAK QUTFLOW IS	2523.	IT TIME	19.50 HOURS	DURS										
		37.2.	30,00 00.01	71.136										

....... \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

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\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

PEAK FLUM AND STOMAGE (END OF PERIOD) SUMMARY FOR MULTIPLE PLAN-RATIO ECONOMIC COMPUTATIONS
FLOWS IN CUBIC FEET PER SECUND (CUBIC METERS PER SECOND)
AREA IN SUUARE MILES (SQUARE KILOMETERS)

RATIOS APPLIED TO FLOWS
HATIO 3 RATIO 4 RATIO 5 AATIO 6 RATIO 7 RATIO 8 RATIO 9 .... 90.081 2109. 2530. 2952. 3374. 3795. 4217. 59.711. 71.6514 83.591( 95.531( 107.471( 119.41) 24.9816 34.7716 44.8516 56.8116 71.4316 1687. 548. 278. 1265. PLAN 90710 1 8ATIO 2 1.781 23,8811 AREA 1.80 1.80 OUTFLO STATION INFLOA HYDROBRAPH AT ROUTED TO OPERATION

SUMMANT OF DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS

34.7		
	TIME OF FAILURE HOURS	
0P OF DAM 1719.50 872. 2606.	TIME OF MAX OUTFLOW HOURS	20000000000000000000000000000000000000
•	DURATION OVER TOP HOURS	00000000000000000000000000000000000000
SPILLWAY CREST 1708.40	10	278. 278. 548. 962. 11228. 1584. 2552. 3181.
**************************************	MAXINUM STORAGE AC-FT	332 717 717 718 718 718
INITIAL VALUE	4AXIMUM DEPTH OVER DAM	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
ELEVATION STORAGE OUTFLOW	MAXIMUM RESERVOIN M.S.ELEV	1714-75 1717-04 1717-04 1717-75 1718-34 1718-87 1719-36 1719-36
	44110 06 PH	200000000000000000000000000000000000000

SUBJECT

Wilson Creek Daw

8 3

4/0/19

JOB NO

### Summary of the Soil Conservation Service's Hydrologic & Hydraudic design

- 1. The normal pool or crest elevation of the orifice in the riser unit of the principal spillway was set by the land owner, however, it exceeds the 50 year sediment requirement. (1708.4 feet)
- 2. A runoff in excess of a 100 year frequency storm (4 inches of runoff) determines the crest elevation of the emergency spillway. (1715.2 feet).
- 3. 0.94 x 6 hour point rainfall (7.71 inches of runoff) determines the maximum design high water. (1717.3 feet)
- 4. 1.25 x 6 hour point rainfall (10.17 inches of runoff) sets the elevation of the top of the dam. (1719.5 feet). In this case the "C" Curve requirements for the emergency spillway governed its size so that the top of the dam will be above the Soil Conservations freeboard storm.

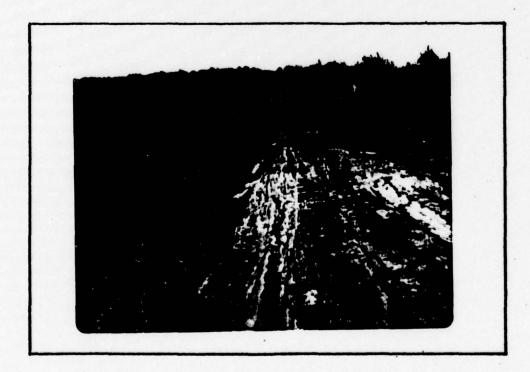
L = 2.7 used by C. H. Zinn of the Dept. of Forests \$ dulaters - Div. of Flood Control (Now DER)

D

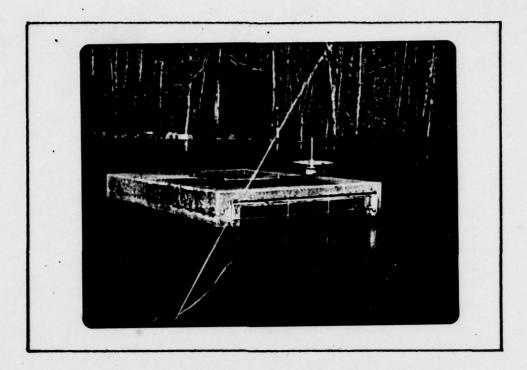
Photographs



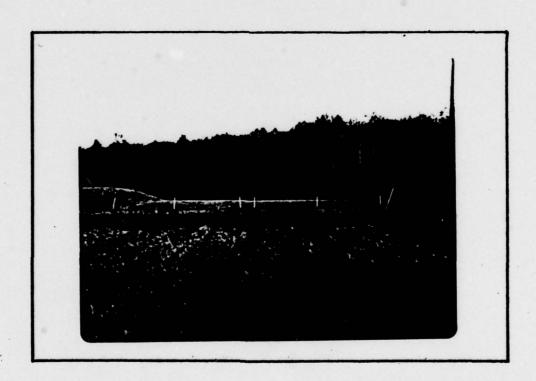
VIEW LOOKING ACROSS THE TOP OF THE DAM FROM THE RIGHT ABUTMENT



DOWNSTREAM FACE OF THE DAM WITH THE EMERGENCY SPILLWAY IN THE BACKGROUND



DETAILS OF THE SINGLE STAGE DROP INLET OF THE PRINCIPAL SPILLWAY



LOOKING UPSTREAM ALONG THE CENTERLINE OF THE EMERGENCY SPILLWAY



PRINCIPAL SPILLWAY OUTLET SHOWING THE PLUNGE POOL AND OUTLET CHANNEL



CLOSE UP OF THE PRINCIPAL SPILLWAY OUTLET SHOWING A DRAINAGE SYSTEM OUTLET PIPE



TOKEN SEEPAGE DOWNSTREAM OF THE RIGHT ABUTMENT



NATURAL STREAM ABOUT 100 YARDS DOWNSTREAM OF THE DAM

E

Drawings



Wilson Creek Dam

SHEET

3

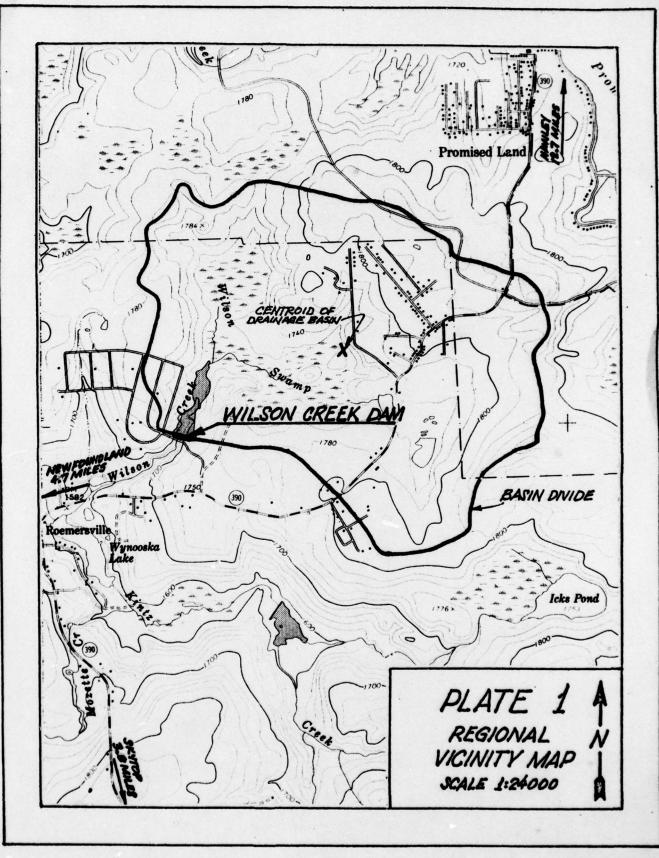
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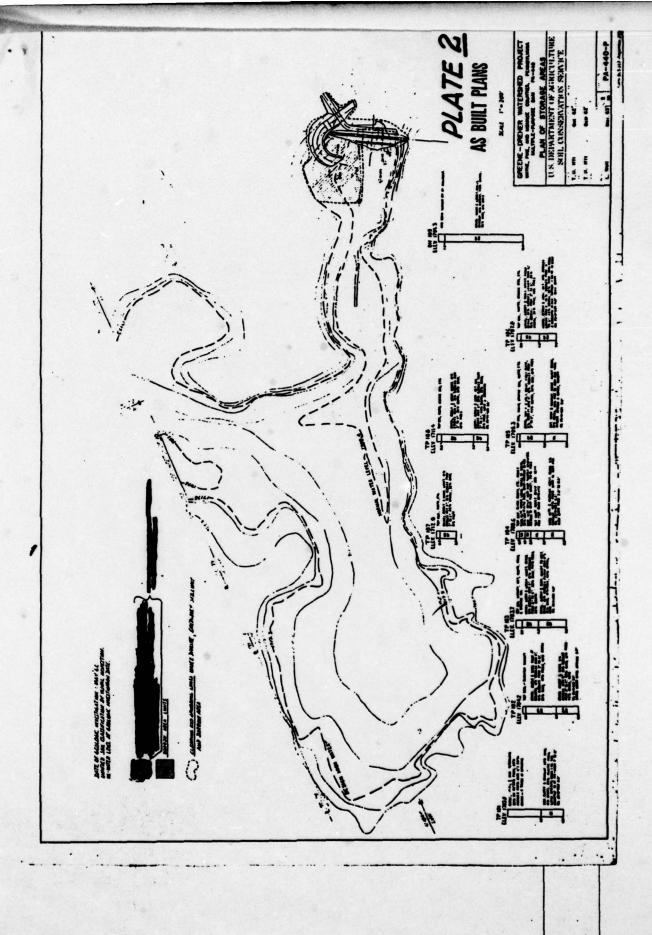
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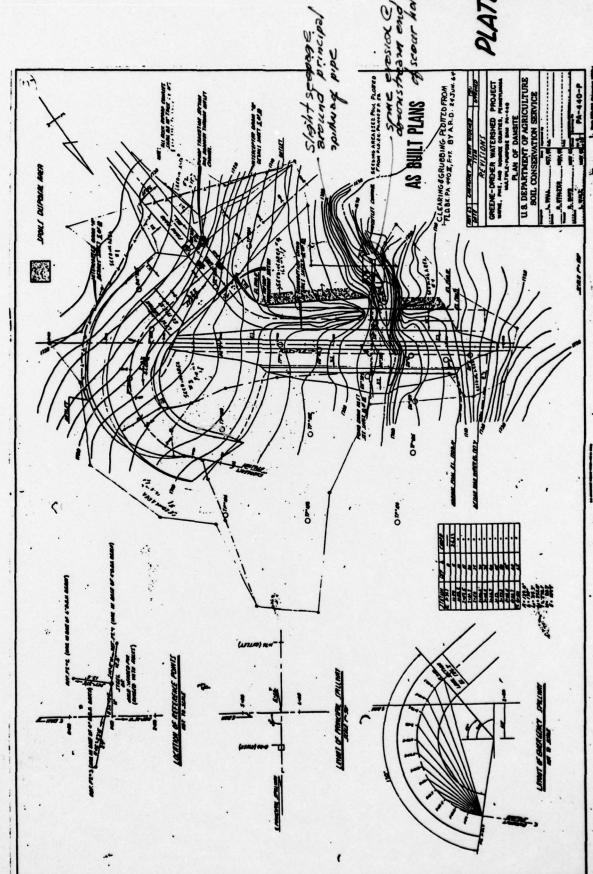
### APPENDIX E Table of Contents

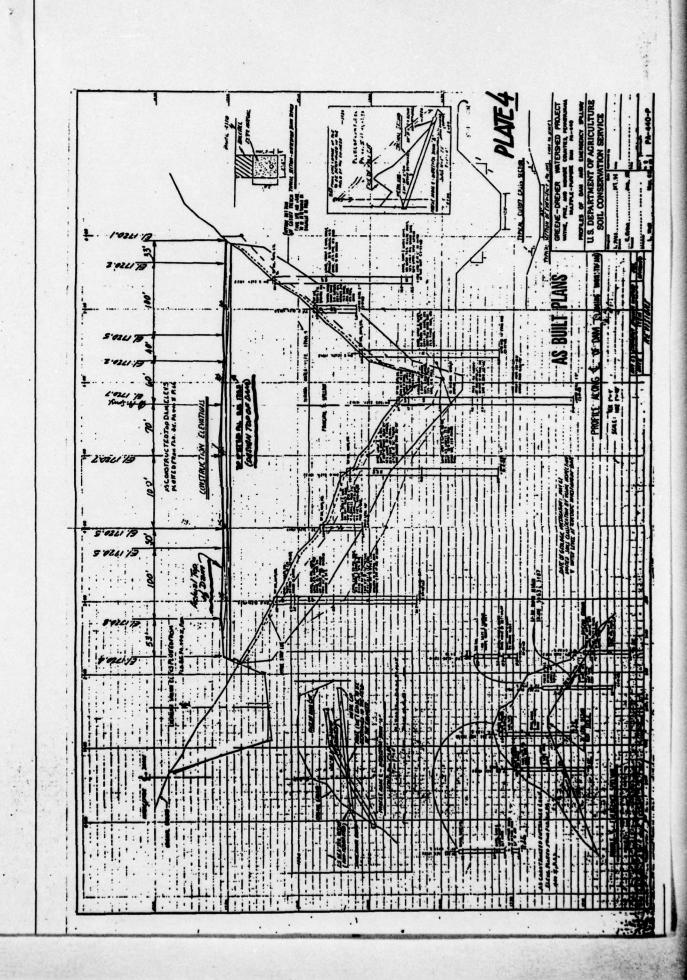
Regional Vieinity Map	Plate	= 1
Plan of Storage Area		
Plan of Damsite	"	3
Profile of Dam & Emergency Spillway -	"	4
Foundation Drain Details		5
Plan Profile of Principal Spillway	"	6
Plan View of Dam Showing Problem		
Areas	"	7
Top of Dam Profile	11	8

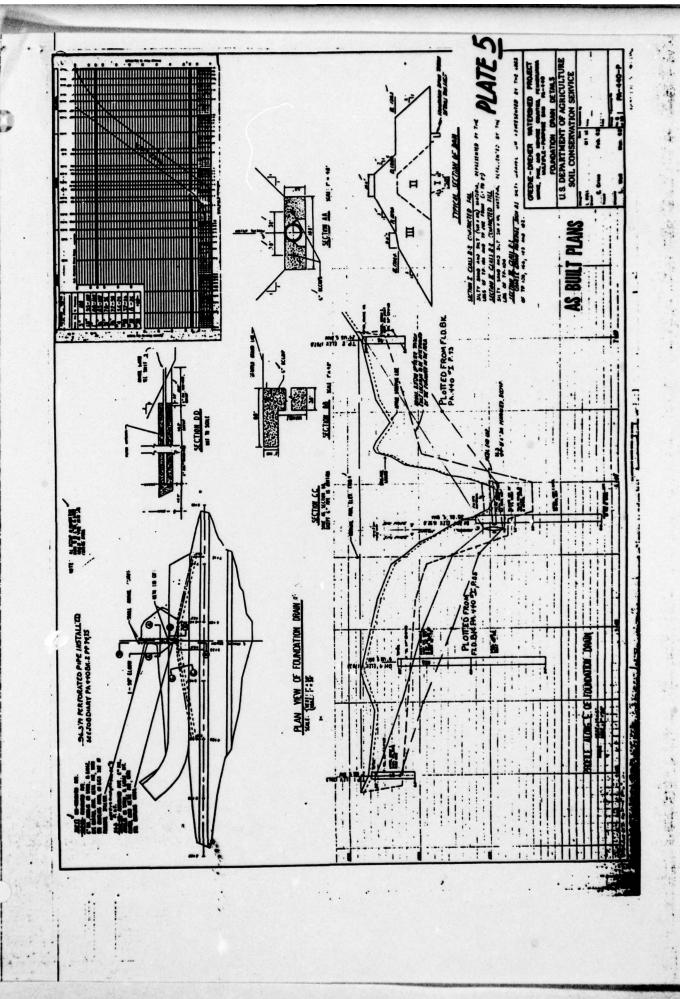
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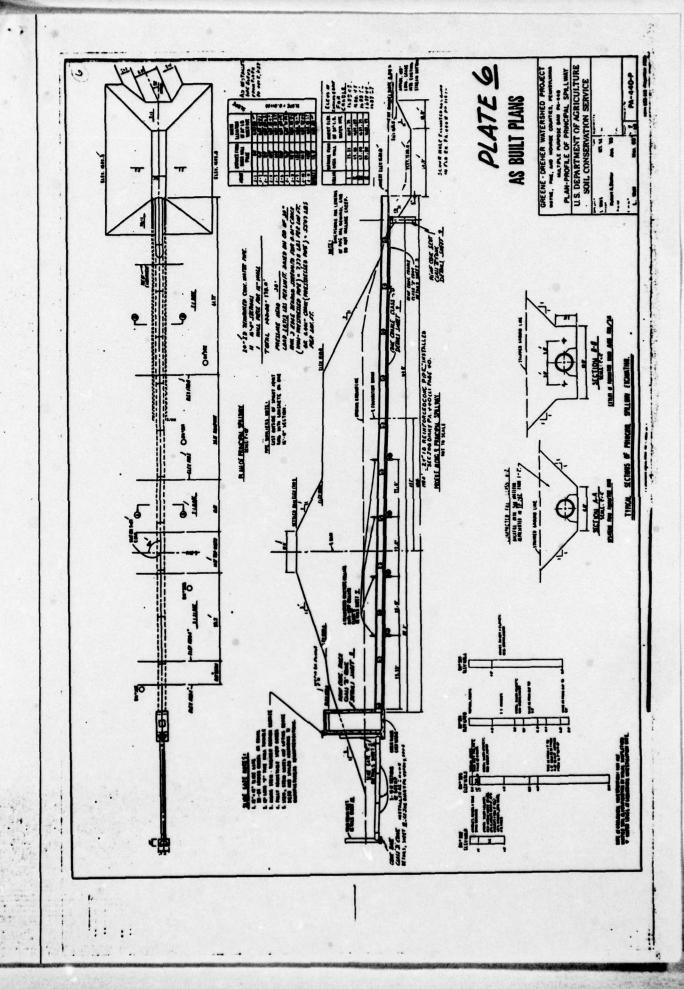


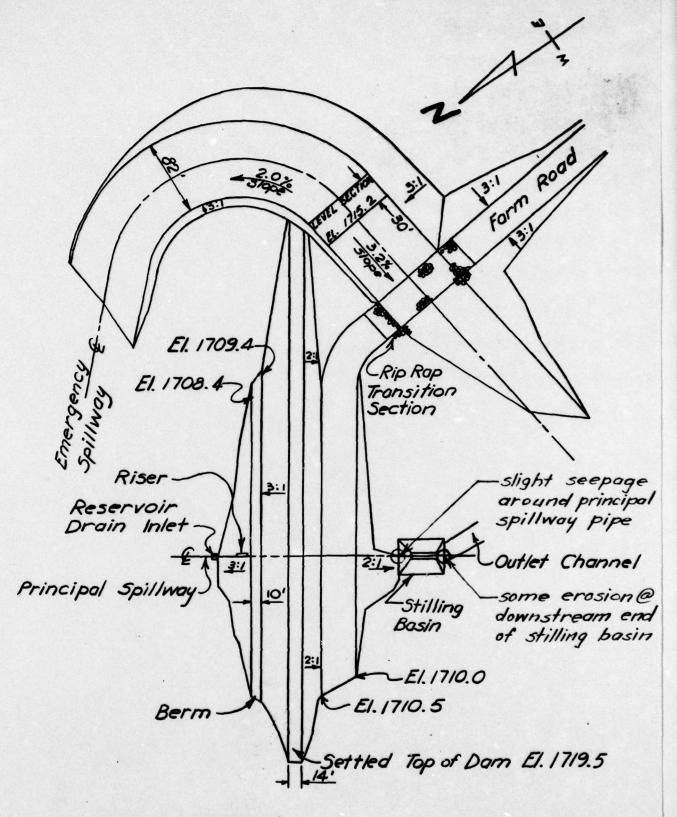












PLAN VIEW OF DAM SHOWING PROBLEM AREAS

PLATE 7

F

Site Geology

#### SITE GEOLOGY

#### **WILSON CREEK DAM**

Wilson Lake Dam is situated in Pike County and within the limits of the Eastern Glaciated section of the Appalachian Plateau physiographic province. Thick deposits of glacially derived debris and till cover the nearly horizontally bedded, red, gray and green shale and sandstone units of the Devonian Catskill group of continental sediments. the dam and lake both rest on glacial till and ground moraine deposits which are dense, compact and relatively impermeable. Prior to construction of the lake the area was covered with high valley swamps and bogs, attesting somewhat to the compactness and impervious nature of the dense, glacial till mantle.

No known faults or major structural defects occur in the bedrock in the vicinity of the dam and lake.

